

THIE UNITHED STAYLES OF ANDER ICA

Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc.

"Higgies, there has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANTISS INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNIO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT. OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE PURPOSE, OR USING IT IN DUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY CTION ACT. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEO.)

CORN, FIELD

'PH6KW'

Nexus. I have hereunto set my hand I the seal of the Plant Haristy Offict to be affixed at the City of D.C. this twenty third day of May,

| KEF KODOCE EDCALE | . Include form numbe | r and date on all reproduc | | | ED - OMB NO. 0581-0055 |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| AGR | DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTS CULTURAL MARKETING SERV DGY DIVISION - PLANT VARIE | nce | 1974 | | danca with the Privacy Act o |
| SCIENCE AND TECHNOL | OGY DIVISION - PLANT VARIE | Y PROTECTION OFFICE | (\$ U.S.C. \$52a) and the | Paparwork Reduction | Act (PRA) of 1995. |
| APPLICATION FOR PL | ANT VARIETY PROT | ECTION CERTIFICATE | Application is required | in order to determin | e If a plant variaty protection |
| (Instructions and Inform | ation collection burde | statement on reverse) | until certificata is issua | ad (7 U.S.C. 2421). I d (7 U.S.C. 2426). | e If a plant variaty protection nformation is hald confidential |
| 1. NAME OF OWNER | | | 2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATI EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER | ON OR | 1. VARIETY HAME |
| Pioneer Hi-Br | ed Internation | onal, Inc. | Di Dinelli Cincine | ` | PH6KW |
| 4. ADDRESS (Street and No. or RFD | | and Country) | S. TELEPHONE (Anchors are | a codej | FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY |
| 7301 NW 62 nd | Avenue | | 515/270-40 | e1 . | PVPO NUMBER |
| P.O. Box 85 | | | | 31 | 200100253 |
| Johnston, IA | 50131-0085 | | 6. FAX (include area code) | 1 | |
| | | | 515/253-21 | 25 | FILING DATE |
| IF THE OWNER NAMED IS NOT FORM OF ORGANIZATION (co. | A "PERSON", GIVE | IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORPORATION | 9. DATE OF INCORPORATO | N | ALING DATE |
| association, etc.) | posterior, processor, | | March 5, 1 | 999 | 8/8/2001 |
| Corporation | | IOWA | | | 0.012001 |
| 10. NAME AND ADDRESS OF OWN | ER REPRESENTATIVE(S) TO | SERVE IN THIS APPLICATION (FIR | T PERSON LISTED WILL RECEIVE A | LL PAPERS) | F FILING & EXAMINATION |
| Steven R. A | -doman | | | | E FLES: |
| | | | | 1 | : 2,705 |
| | d Product De | /elobment | | 1 | R DATE 5/3/01 |
| P.O. Box 85 | | | | | |
| Jonnston, I. | A 50131-0085 | | | I | CERTIFICATION FEE: |
| | | | | | : 432.00 |
| 11. TELEPHONE (Include area code | 12. FAX (Include area | code) 11. E.MAIL | | 114 07 | DATE 57/2/03 |
| 515/270-4051 | 515/253- | 2125 Steve | n.Anderson@Pionee | com C | ORN |
| 15 GENUS AND SPECIES NAME OF | MOP | 16. FAMILY N | ME (BORNEM | 17. 6 | THE VARIETY A FIRST GENERATION |
| Zea Mays | | Grami | neae | | |
| 18. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR | EACH ATTACHMENT STRUCT | EO (Follow Instructions or many | 1 14 DOES THE CHANGE | SPECIES DIAL SPECO | Yes No IS WARIETY BE SOLD AS A CLASS OF IE VINITED PROJECTION ACQ |
| | reeding History of the Variety | | CENTIFIED SEEDY | See Section \$3(a) of the Pla | E Vertely Protection Act |
| b. Exhibit B. Statement of | | | ☐ YES (N') | es", answer Items 20 | MO (If "no", go to lises 22) |
| G. EXHIBIT C. Objective D | soription of the Variety | | and 21 be | iow) | |
| d. Exhibit D. Additional Description of the Variety (Optional) | | | 20. DOES THE OWNER MUMBER OF GENE. | SPECIFY THAT SEED OF TH RATIONS? | ES VARIETY BE LIMITED AS TO |
| e. Exhibit E. Statement of the Basis of the Owner's Ownership | | | □ yes | □ NO | |
| Voucher Sample (2560) verification that tissue | viable untracted seeds or, for culture will be deposited and: | taber propagated varieties national in an approved public | | | OUCTION BEYOND BREEDER SEED? |
| Vocable Sample (2500 visible untracted seeds or, for taker propagated varieties vortication that disease calling with the deposited evid materialistic is an approved public repeating! Filting and Examination Fee (17,200), mode payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (Mod. Print Verlag Procection Office)) | | | | ON REGISTERED | |
| | | OR A HYBRID PRODUCED FROM 1 ID IN THE U.S. OR OTHER COUNT | HIS 23. IS THE VARIETY OF | ANY COMPONENT OF THE | VARIATY PROTECTED BY |
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| EACH COUNTRY AND THE CIRC | MISTANCES. Please use spe | ISTRON, TRANSFER, OR USE FOR to indicated on reverse | IF YES, PLEASE GO REFERENCE NUMB | AL COUNTRY, DATE OF PLA ER. (Please use space legic | NG OR ISSUANCE AND ASSISHED |
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| for a luber propagated variety a fi | | | seriety, and believe(s) that the variety ection Act. | | |
| | the owner of this sexually reportion under the provisions of | Section 42 of the Plant Variety Pro- | | | |
| The undereigned owner(s) is(are) Section 42, and is entitled to prot Demenist interest informed that fair | | | ensides. | | |
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| The undereigned owner(s) is(are) Section 42, and is entitled to prot Owner(s) is(are) informed that fair SIGNATURE OF OWNER | | | Steven R | 11 | |
| The undereigned owner(s) is(are) Section 42, and is entitled to prot Owner(s) is(are) informed that fair SIGNATURE OF OWNER | | | SIGNATURE OF OWNER | Anderson | |
| The undersigned owner(s) la(era) Section 42, and is entitled in prot Owner(s) is(see) informed that his SIGNATURE OF OWNER KAME (Please print or type) | | spandize protection and results in | Steven R. And | Aderson | |
| The undersigned owner(s) is(are) Section 42, and is entitled to prot Owner(s) is(are) informed that fair SIGNATURE OF OWNER | | | Signal Tube OF CHINER | Aderson | DATE |

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GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety procedure Office and profit of the following items that a control is the PirCo** (*) Completed Subbla A. B. C. E. (5) for a seed improduced variety at least 2.500 whose watered seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2.500 workers and execution will be deposited and mustimated in a septemed public repository; (6) credit dresso on a user plant (since culture will be deposited and mustimated in a septemed public repository; (6) credit dresso on a U.S. take the 2.500 seeds and the 2.500 seeds of the 2.500 see

Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301)504-5518 FAX: (301)504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvp.htm

ITEM

182 the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
 the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
 evidence of uniformity and stability; and

- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified.
- Give a summary of the variety's destinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be desinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties.

 (1) Sentily been varieties and seal difference opinionally one of the variety of the

- Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as
- 18d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant disease.
- Section 52(5) of the Act required applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a cless of certified seed), the applicant may NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been seld and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No has been specified, applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rates of Practice, Section 7.103).
- 22. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements
- See Section 5.5 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date
- CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

11/01/2000. United States

CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicationner to keep the PVPO Informed of any changes of address or change of converging or assignment or owner representative contrigues that of the application certificate. There is no change for lifes a change of address. The feet for lings of adversarial or any modification of the feet in specification of a contribution of the feet in the contribution of the registrous. Gives Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 713.00, 87.131, 9 ship or assignment or owner's

To evoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant should check the variety names proposed by contacting: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, Room 213, Building 306, Beltsville Agricultural Research Conter-East, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-6069.

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Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History

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Pedigree: PH08A/PHND1)PXA12233X

Pioneer Line PH6KW, Zea mays L., a dent corn inbred, was developed by Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. from the single cross hybrid PH08A (Certificate No. 9700215) X PHND1 (PVP Certificate No. 9600178) using the pedigree method of plant breeding. Varieties PH08A and PHND1 are propriately inbred lines of Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. Selfing was practiced from the above hybrid for 7 generations using pedigree selection. During line development, crosses were made to inbred testers for the purpose of estimating the line's combining ability. Yield trials were grown at York, Nebraska as well as other Pioneer research locations. After initial testing, additional hybrid combinations have been evaluated and subsequent generations of the line have been grown and hand-pollitated with observations again made for uniformity.

Variety PH6KW has shown uniformity and stability for all traits as described in Exhibit C **Objective Description of Variety**. It has been self-pollinated and ear-rowed 5 generations with careful attention paid to selection criteria and uniformity of plant type to assure genetic homozygousity and phenotypic stability. The line has been increased both by hand and in isolated fields with continued observations for uniformity and stability, and for 3 generations during the final stages of imbred development and seed multiplication. Very high standards for genetic purity have been established morphologically using field observations and electrophoretically using sound lab molecular marker methodology.

No variant traits have been observed or are expected in PH6KW.

The criteria used in the selection of PH6KW were yield, both per se and in hybrid combinations; late season plant health, grain quality, stalk lodging resistance, and kernel size, especially important in production. Other selection criteria include: ability to germinate in adverse conditions; number of fillers, especially important in production because having numerous tillers increases hybrid production costs spent on detasseling; disease and insect resistance; notlent yield and tassel size.

Exhibit A: Developmental history for PH6KW

| Season/Year Pedigree Grown | Inbreeding Level of Pedigree Grown |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| SEAS/YR: SUMMER/1994 PH08A, PHND1 | FO . |
| WINTER/1994 PH08A/PHND1 | F1 |
| SUMMER/1995 PH08A/PHND1)PX | F2 |
| SUMMER/1996 | F3 |
| PH08A/PHND1)PXA1 WINTER/1996 | F4 |
| PH08A/PHND1)PXA12 SUMMER/1997 | |
| PH08A/PHND1)PXA122 WINTER/1997 | F5 |
| PH08A/PHND1)PXA1223 SUMMER 1998 | F6 |
| PH08A/PHND1)PXA12233 Seed: | F7 |
| PH08A/PHND1)PXA12233X | F8 |

PH08A/PHND1)PXA1233X
PH6KW was selfed and ear-rowed from F3 through F7 generation
Wilniformity and stability were established from F6 through F8 generation and beyond when seed supplies were increased.

Exhibit B. Novelty Statement

Variety PH6KW mostly resembles Pioneer Hi-Bred International, Inc. proprietary inbred line PHND1 (PVP Certificate No. 9600178). Data are compiled from three environments, two in the Johnston, IA area and one in the Ankeny, IA area. The data in Table 1A and 1B are from t-tests collected in 1999 and 2000.

Variety PH6KW has a taller plant height (236.3 cm vs 206.7 cm) than PHND1 (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH6KW has a lower tassel axis floret density (11.9 vs 15.8) than PHND1 (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH6KW has a narrower tassel branch angle (10.5 vs 36.9) than PHND1 (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH6KW has a longer tassel central spike length (28.8 cm vs 21.6 cm) than PHND1 (Table 1A, 1B).

Variety PH6KW has fewer primary tassel branches (6.4 vs 12.1) than PHND1 (Table 1A, 1B).

10010/001

Exhibit B Novelty Statement Tables

Table 1A. Data from 1999 and 2000 are supporting evidence for differences between PH6KW and PHND1. A t-test was performed and broken out by year.

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - |
|--|-------|------------------|----------|--|---------------|----------|--------|-------|------------------------------|----------------------|------------|---|----|------------|--------------------------|
| TRAIT | year | arlety-1 | variety- | variety- Count-1 Count-2 Mean-1 Mean-2 | unt-1 Count-2 | Mean-1 A | Mean-2 | Mean | Mean StdDevla Diff Ilon-1 | StdDevia S lion-2 | stdError-1 | StdDevia StdDevia StdError-1 StdError-2 DF_Po tlon-1 flon-2 oled | | Value Pool | Prob_(2- tall)_Pooled |
| 10000000000000000000000000000000000000 | 1000 | 10000 10000 | C | 46 | 14 | 236.1 | 198.0 | 1 | 16.093 | 13.464 | 4.155 | 3.478 | 28 | 17 | 0000 |
| plant height (cm) | SASI. | | DUND | 3 4 | 15 | 237.5 | 216.6 | 1 | 1 | 8.201 | 3.017 | 2.118 | 28 | 5.7 | 0000 |
| plant height (cm) tassel axis floret density (# | 1999 | | PHND1 | 15 | 12 | 11.8 | 1 | -4.7 | 1.656 | 1.846 | 0.428 | 0.477 | 58 | 4.7- | 0.000 |
| of florets/4cm) tassel axls floret density (# | 2000 | 2000 PH6KW PHND1 | PHND1 | 15 | 19 | 12.0 | 15.1 | -3.1 | 2.171 | 1.552 | 0.561 | 0.401 | 28 | 4 | 0.000 |
| of florets/4cm) tassel branch angle | 1999 | 1999 PH6KW | PHND1 | 15 | 135 | 11.1 | 37.1 | -28.1 | 4.200 | 9.598 | 1.084 | 2.478 | 78 | 9.6- | 0.000 |
| (degrees) tassel branch angle | 2000 | 2000 PH6KW | PHND1 | 15 | 13 | 9.9 | 36.7 | -26.9 | 3.044 | 11.683 | 0.786 | 3.017 | 28 | 9.8- | 0.000 |
| (degrees) tassel central spike length | 1899 | 1999 PH6KW | PHND1 | 15 | 45 | 27.5 | 22.8 | 4.7 | 2.475 | 1.740 | 0.639 | 0.449 | 28 | 6.1 | 0.000 |
| (cm) tassel central spike length | 2000 | 2000 PH6KW | PHND1 | 15 | 15 | 30.1 | 20.3 | 9.7 | 2.712 | 2.820 | 0.700 | 0.728 | 28 | 8.8 | 0.00 |
| (cm) tassel primary branch (# of | 1999 | 1999 PH6KW | PHND1 | 16 | 15 | 6.7 | 12.1 | -5.5 | 3.086 | 2.532 | 0.797 | 0.654 | 28 | -5.3 | |
| primary branches) tessel primary branch (# of | 2000 | 2000 PH8KW PHND1 | PHND1 | 35 | 2 | 6.1 | 12.1 | -6.1 | 2.219 | 2.264 | 0.573 | 0.584 | 28 | -7.4 | 0.000 |
| Indimary branches) | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | |

Table 1B. Summary data across years are supporting evidence for differences between PH6KW and PHNDI. A t-test was performed across years.

| TRAIT | variety-1 | variety-2 Count-1 Count-2 M | Count- | Count-2 | ean-1 | Wean-2 | Mean | tion-1 | StdDevia tion-2 | StdError-1 | Mean StdDevia StdDevia StdError-1 StdError-2 DF_Po DM ton-1 thon-2 oled V | oled | Velue Pool | Prob_(2- tall)_Pooled |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------------------|------------|--|------|------------|--------------------------|
| ient height (cm) | PHBKW | PHND1 | 30 | 30 | 236.3 | 206.7 | 29.6 | 13.872 | 14.855 | 2,533 | 1 | 28 | 8.0 | 0.00 |
| essei axis floret density (# f florets/4cm) | PH6KW | PHND1 | e | 8 | 11.9 | 15.8 | 3.9 | 1.900 | 1.821 | 0.347 | 0.332 | 85 | -8.2 | 0.000 |
| assel branch engle degrees) | PH6KW | PHND1 | ၉ | ဧ | 10.5 | 36.9 | -28.5 | 3.855 | 10.508 | 0.667 | 1.918 | 28 | -13.0 | 0.000 |
| assel central spike length | PH6KW | PHND1 | 8 | e | 28.8 | 21.6 | 7.2 | 2.858 | 2.622 | 0.522 | 0.479 | 28 | 10.2 | 0.000 |
| assel primery branch (# of PHBKW rimary branches) | | PHND1 | 93 | 8 | 6.4 | 12.1 | -2.8 | 2.659 | 2.380 | 0.485 | 0.431 | 28 | -8.9 | 0.000 |

DEFINITIONS

In the description and examples, a number of terms are used herein. In order to provide a clear and consistent understanding of the specification and claims, including the scope to be given such terms, the following definitions are provided:

- ANT ROT = ANTHRACNOSE STALK ROT (Colletotrichum graminicola).

 A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Anthracnose Stalk Rot. A higher score indicates a higher resistance.
- BAR PLT = BARREN PLANTS.
- The percent of plants per plot that were not barren (lack ears).
- BRT STK = BRITTLE STALKS.
 - This is a measure of the stalk breakage near the time of pollination, and is an indication of whether a hybrid or inbred would snap or break near the time of flowering under severe winds. Data are presented as percentage of plants that did not snap.
- BU ACR = YIELD (BUSHELS/ACRE).
 Yield of the grain at harvest in bushels per acre adjusted to 15.5%
- CLD TST = COLD TEST.
- The percent of plants that germinate under cold test conditions.
- CLN = CORN LETHAL NECROSIS.

 Synergistic interaction of maize chlorotic mottle virus (MCMV) in combination
 - with either maize dwarf mosaic virus (MDMV-A or MDMV-B) or wheat streak mosaic virus (WSMV). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Corn Lethal Necrosis. A higher score indicates a higher resistance.
- COM RST = COMMON RUST (Puccinia sorghi).
 - A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Common Rust. A higher score indicates a higher resistance.
- DIP ERS = DIPLODIA EAR MOLD SCORES (Diplodia maydis and Diplodia
 - macrospora).

 A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Diplodia Ear Mold. A higher
- score indicates a higher resistance.

 DRP EAR = DROPPED EARS.
- A measure of the number of dropped ears per plot and represents the percentage of plants that did not drop ears prior to harvest.
- EAR HT = EAR HEIGHT.

 The ear height is a measure from the ground to the highest placed developed ear
- node attachment and is measured in cm.

 EAR MLD = GENERAL EAR MOLD.
 - Visual rating (1-9 score) where a "1" is very susceptible and a "9" is very resistant. This is based on overall rating for ear mold of mature ears without determining the specific mold organism, and may not be predictive for a specific
- ear mold.

 EAR SZ = EAR SIZE.
- A 1 to 9 visual rating of car size. The higher the rating the larger the car size.

 ECB 1LF = EUROPEAN CORN BORER FIRST GENERATION LEAF FEEDING
 - (Ostrinia nubilalis).
 A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to preflowering leaf feeding by first generation European Corn Borer. A higher score indicates a
- higher resistance.

 ECB 2IT = EUROPEAN CORN BORER SECOND GENERATION INCHES OF TUNNELING (Ostrinta nubilalis).
- Average inches of tunneling per plant in the stalk.

 ECB 2SC = EUROPEAN CORN BORER SECOND GENERATION (Ostrinia nubilalis).

A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating post flowering degree of stalk breakage and other evidence of feeding by European Corn Borer, Second Generation. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. EUROPEAN CORN BORER DROPPED EARS (Ostrinia nubilalis). ECB DPE Dropped ears due to European Corn Borer. Percentage of plants that did not drop ears under second generation corn borer infestation. EGRWTH = EARLY GROWTH. This is the visual rating (1 to 9) of the amount of vegetative growth after emergence at the seedling stage (approximately five leaves). A higher score indicates better vigor or early season growth. EST CNT EARLY STAND COUNT. This is a measure of the stand establishment in the spring and represents the number of plants that emerge on per plot basis for the inbred or hybrid. EYE SPT EYE SPOT (Kabatiella zeae or Aureobasidium zeae). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Eve Spot. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. FUSARIUM EAR ROT SCORE. (Fusarium moniliforme or Fusarium FUS ERS subelutinans). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Fusarium ear rot. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. GDU GROWING DEGREE UNITS. Using the Barger Heat Unit Theory, which assumes that maize growth occurs in the temperature range 50°F - 86°F and that temperatures outside this range slow down growth; the maximum daily heat unit accumulation is 36 and the minimum daily heat unit accumulation is 0. The seasonal accumulation of GDU is a major factor in determining maturity zones.

GDU SHD = GDU TO SEED.

The number of growing degree units (GDUs) or heat units required for an inbred line or hybrid to have approximately 50 percent of the plants shedding pollen and is measured from the time of planting. Growing degree units are calculated by the Barger Method, where the heat units for a 24-hour period are:

GDU = (Max. Temp. + Min. temp.) - 50/2

GDU = (Max. temp. 1 + Min. temp.) - 50/2

The highest maximum temperature used is 86°F. and the lowest minimum temperature used is 50°F. For each inbred or hybrid it takes a certain number of GDUs to reach various stages of plant development.

GDU SLK

GDU TO SILK.

The number of growing degree units required for an inbred line or hybrid to have approximately 50 percent of the plants with silk emergence from time of planting. Growing degree units are calculated by the Barger Method as given in GDU SHD definition.

GIBERS = GIBBERELLA EAR ROT (PINK MOLD) (Gibberella zeae).

A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Gibberella Ear Rot. A higher score indicates a higher resistance.

GLF SPT = GRAY LEAF SPOT (Cercospora zeae-maydis).

A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Gray Leaf Spot. A higher score

indicates a higher resistance.

GOSS' WILT (Corynebacterium nebraskense).

A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Goss' Wilt. A higher score indicates a higher resistance.

= GRAIN APPEARANCE. GRN APP This is a 1 to 9 rating for the general appearance of the shelled grain as it is harvested based on such factors as the color of harvested grain, any mold on the grain, and any cracked grain. High scores indicate good grain quality. HELMINTHOSPORIUM CARBONUM LEAF BLIGHT (Helminthosporium HC BLT carbonum). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Helminthosporium infection. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. HD SMT HEAD SMUT (Sphacelotheca reiliana). This score indicates the percentage of plants not infected. KERNELS PER KILOGRAM. KER KG The number of kernels per 1 kilogram of seed after discard is removed. KERNEL SIZE DISCARD. KSZ DCD The percent of discard seed; calculated as the sum of discarded tip kernels and extra large kernels. MAIZE DWARF MOSAIC COMPLEX (MDMV = Maize Dwarf Mosaic MDM CPX = Virus and MCDV = Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Maize Dwarf Mosaic Complex. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. HARVEST MOISTURE. MST The moisture is the actual percentage moisture of the grain at harvest. NORTHERN LEAF BLIGHT (Helminthosporium turcicum or Exserohilum NLF BLT turcicum). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Northern Leaf Blight. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. PLT HT PLANT HEIGHT. This is a measure of the height of the plant from the ground to the tip of the tassel in cm. POLLEN SCORE. POL SC A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the amount of pollen shed. The higher the score the more pollen shed. POL WT POLLEN WEIGHT. This is calculated by dry weight of tassels collected as shedding commences minus dry weight from similar tassels harvested after shedding is complete. PRM PREDICTED RELATIVE MATURITY. This trait, predicted relative maturity, is based on the harvest moisture of the grain. The relative maturity rating is based on a known set of checks and utilizes standard linear regression analyses and is also referred to as the Comparative Relative Maturity Rating System that is similar to the Minnesota Relative Maturity Rating System. PRM SHD = PREDICTED RELATIVE MATURITY GDU TO SHED. A relative measure of the growing degree units (GDU) required to reach 50% pollen shed. Relative values are predicted values from the linear regression of observed GDU's on relative maturity of commercial checks. ROOT LODGING. RT LDG Root lodging is the percentage of plants that do not root lodge; plants that lean from the vertical axis at an approximately 30° angle or greater would be counted

A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the amount of scatter grain (lack of pollination or kernel abortion) on the ear. The higher the score the less scatter grain.

as root lodged.

= SCATTER GRAIN.

SCT GRN

200100253 SEL IND SELECTION INDEX. The selection index gives a single measure of the hybrid's worth based on information for up to five traits. A maize breeder may utilize his or her own set of traits for the selection index. One of the traits that is almost always included is yield. When selection index data is presented, the tables represent the mean value averaged across testing stations. SLEBLT SOUTHERN LEAF BLIGHT (Helminthosporium maydis or Bipolaris maydis). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Southern Leaf Blight. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. SOU RST SOUTHERN RUST (Puccinia polysora). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Southern Rust. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. STAGRN STAYGREEN. Staygreen is the measure of plant health near the time of black layer formation (physiological maturity). A high score indicates better late-season plant health. STK CNT NUMBER OF PLANTS. This is the final stand or number of plants per plot. STK LDG. = STALK LODGING. This is the percentage of plants that did not stalk lodge (stalk breakage) as measured by either natural lodging or pushing the stalks and determining the percentage of plants that break below the ear. STW WLT = STEWART'S WILT (Erwinia stewartii). A 1 to 9 visual rating indicating the resistance to Stewart's Wilt. A higher score indicates a higher resistance. TASBRN TASSEL BRANCHES. This is the number of primary tassel branches. TAS SZ = TASSEL SIZE. A 1 to 9 visual rating was used to indicate the relative size of the tassel. The higher the rating the larger the tassel. TAS WT TASSEL WEIGHT. This is the average weight of a tassel (grams) just prior to pollen shed. EAR TEXTURE. TEX EAR = A 1 to 9 visual rating was used to indicate the relative hardness (smoothness of crown) of mature grain. A 1 would be very soft (extreme dent) while a 9 would be very hard (flinty or very smooth crown). TILLER TILLERS. A count of the number of tillers per plot that could possibly shed pollen was taken. Data are given as a percentage of tillers: number of tillers per plot divided by number of plants per plot. TST WT TEST WEIGHT (UNADJUSTED). The measure of the weight of the grain in pounds for a given volume (bushel). YLD SC YIELD SCORE.

A 1 to 9 visual rating was used to give a relative rating for yield based on plot ear piles. The higher the rating the greater visual yield appearance.

United States Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Marketing Service Science Division, Plant Variety Protection Office National Agricultural Library Building, Room 500 Belstwille, MD 20705

Objective Description of Variety Corn (Zea mays L.)

| Name of Applicar Pioneer Hi-B | t (s) red International, Inc. | Variety Seed Source | Varie | ty Name or Temporary Designation PH6KW |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|---|
| Address (Street & | No., or RFD No., City, State, Zip C | Code and Country | FOR OFFICIAL USE | |
| 7301 NW 62° | Avenue, P.O. Box 85. | | | |
| Johnston, Iov | a 50131-0085 | | PVP0 Number | |
| Leading zeroes if Necessary for an | necessary. Completeness should be adequate variety description and ma | e striven for to establish an adequate v | ariety description. Traits | |
| 01=Light Green | 06=Pale Yellow | 11=Pink | 16=Pale Purple | 21=Buff |
| 02=Medium Green | 07=Yellow | 12=Light Red | 17∞Purple | 22=Tan |
| 03=Dark Green | 08=Yellow Orange | 13=Cherry Red | 18=Colorless | 23=Brown |
| 04=Very Dark Gro | =Very Dark Green 09=Salmon 14=Red | | 19-White | 24-Bronze |
| 05=Green-Yellow | 10∞Pink-Orange | 15=Red & White | 20=White Capped | 25=Variegated (Describe) 26=Other (Describe) |
| STANDARD INB (Use the most sim | lar (in background and maturity) of | f these to make comparisons based on | | |
| Yellow Dent Fami | | Yellow Dent (Unrelated): | | |
| Family Memi | | Co109, ND246, | C13, I | owa5125, P39, 2132 |
| | 05, A632, B64, B68 | Oh7, T232, | | |
| | B76, H84 | W117, W153R, | Popcorr | |
| | , A679, B73, NC268 | W18BN | SG153 | 3, 4722, HP301, HP7211 |
| | , Va102, Va35, A682 | | | |
| | MS71, H99, Va26 | White Dent: | Pipecor | |
| WF9 W64 | L, A554, A654, Pa91 | C166, H105, Ky228 | Mo15 | W, Mo16W, Mo24W |

| 1. TYPE: (c | escribe intermediate types in Comments section): | | | Stand | ard Variety | Name |
|-------------|---|---------------|---------|-------|--------------|--------|
| 2 1 | =Sweet 2=Dent 3=Flint 4=Flour 5=Pop 6=Omamental | | | | MO17 | |
| | WHERE DEVELOPED IN THE U.S.A.: | | | Stand | lard Seed \$ | Source |
| | Northwest 2=Northcentral 3=Northeast 4=Southeast 5=Sou Southwest 7=Other Central Corn Belt, NW,NC.SE,SW U.S. | | | | PI 558532 | : |
| | | 10 | | | | |
| | TY (In Region of Best Adaptability; show Heat Unit formula in HEAT UNITS | Comments se | iction) | DAYS | HEAT UN | ITS |
| | 1,520.0 From emergence to 50% of plants in silk | | | 076 | 1,458.3 | |
| | 1,520.2 From emergence to 50% of plants in pollen | | | 075 | 1,418.8 | |
| | 0.070.7 From 10% to 90% pollen shed | | | 003 | 0.075.8 | |
| 200 | From 50% silk to optimum edible quality | | | | **** | |
| | From 50% silk to harvest at 25% moisture | | | | | |
| 4. PLANT | | Standard | Sample | | Standard | Sample |
| | | Deviation | Size | 1 | Deviation | Size |
| 236.3 | cm Plant Height (to tassel tip) | 09.65 | 06 | 213.7 | 08.73 | 06 |
| 089.7 | cm Ear Height (to base of top ear node) | 06,59 | 06 | 080.8 | 08.66 | 06 |
| | cm Length of Top Ear Internode | 01.06 | 06 | 014.8 | 01,88 | 06 |
| 0.0 | Average Number of Tillers | 00.00 | 06 | 0.0 | 00.01 | 06 |
| 1.1 | Average Number of Ears per Stalk | . 00.12 | 06 | 0.7 | 00.31 | 06 |
| - 2 | Anthocyanin of Brace Roots: 1=Absent 2=Faint 3=Moderate | e 4=Dark 5=Ve | ny Dark | 1 | | |
| 5. LEAF: | | Standard | Sample | | Standard | |
| | | Deviation | Size | 1 | Deviation | Size |
| 11.1 | om Width of Ear Node Leaf | 00.33 | 06 | 10.6 | 00.51 | 06 |
| 79.2 | om Length of Ear Node Leaf | 01.12 | 06 | 71.0 | 03.33 | 06 |
| 05 | Number of leaves above top ear | 00.23 | 06 | 05 | 00.27 | 06 |
| 22 | Degrees Leaf Angle (measure from 2nd leaf above ear at anthesis to stalk above leaf) | 04.58 | 06 | 24 | 05.50 | 06 |
| 03 | Leaf Color (Munsell code) 5GY34 | | | 03 | 5G* | Y34 |
| | Leaf Sheath Pubescence (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=t/k | e peach fuzz) | | 1 | | |
| | Marginal Waves (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=many) | | | | | |
| | Longitudinal Creases (Rate on scale from 1=none to 9=many) | | | | | |
| 6. TASSE | | Standard | Sample | | Standard | Sample |
| | - | Deviation | Size | 1 | Deviation | Size |
| 06 | Number of Primary Lateral Branches | 01.95 | 06 | 06 | 01,76 | 06 |
| 10 | Branch Angle from Central Spike | 01.47 | 06 | 41 | | 06 |
| 61.5 | orn Tassel Length (from top leaf collar to tassel tip) | 02.28 | 06 | 58.4 | 04.20 | 06 |
| -4 | Pollen Shed (rate on scale from 0=male sterile to 9=heavy sh | ed) | | 6 | | |
| 97 | Anther Color (Munsell code) 7.5Y8,58 | | | 01 | 2.50 | 3Y88 |
| 01 | Glume Color (Munsell code) 5GY54 | | | 01 | . <u>5</u> G | Y58 |
| | Bar Glumes (Glume Bands): 1=Absent 2=Present | | | 1 | | 1. |
| | | | | 1 | | |

| 5,415 | |
|-------|--|
| 4/31 | |
| 9 | |

| Application | Variety Data | PH6KW | Page 2 | | | Standard | Variety Data |
|-------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------|------------|--------------|
| 7a. EAR | (Unhusked Data): | | | | | | |
| 01 | Silk Color (3 days after | er ernergence) (Mu | nsell code) | | 2.5GY88 | 01 | 2.5GY86 |
| 03 | Fresh Husk Color (25 | days after 50% sile | ring) (Munsell code) | 1 | 5GY56 | 02 | 5GY68 |
| 21 | Dry Husk Color (65 da | ays after 50% silkin | g) (Munsell code) | | 5Y8.52 | 21 | 2.5Y8.54 |
| 2 | Position of Ear at Dry | Husk Stage: 1= Up | right 2= Horizontal | 3= Pendant | | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | Husk Tightness (Rate | of Scale from 1=ve | ery loose to 9=very | tight) | | 5 | |
| 2 | Husk Extension (at ha | rvest): 1=Short (ea | rs exposed) 2=Med | ium (<8 cm) | | 2 | |
| | 3=Long (8-10 cm beyo | ond ear tip) 4=Very | Long (>10 cm) | | | - | |
| 7b. EAR | (Husked Ear Data): | | | Standard | Sample | Standa | ard Sampl |
| | | | | Deviation | Size | Deviat | ion Size |
| 17.7 | cm Ear Length | | | 01.63 | 06 | 14.5 04. | 23 06 |
| 43.5 | mm Ear Diameter at n | nid-point | | 02.43 | 06 | 38.0 02 | 19 06 |
| 116.0 | gm Ear Weight | | | 23.17 | 06 | 75.3 35. | 30 06 |
| <u>15</u> | Number of Kemel Roy | vs | | 01.63 | 06 | 11.3 01. | 03 06 |
| 2 | Kemel Rows: 1≈Indist | inct 2=Distinct | | | | 2 | |
| 2 | Row Alignment: 1=Str | aight 2=Slightly Cu | rved 3=Spiral | | | 1 | |
| 08.2 | cm Shank Length | | | 00.41 | 06 | 07.8 03 | 3.43 06 |
| 2 | Ear Taper: 1=Slight 2 | = Average 3=Extrer | ne | | | 1 | |
| 8. KERNE | EL (Dried) | | | Standard | Sample | Standard | Sampl |
| | | | | Deviation | Size | Deviation | Size |
| 10.7 | mm Kernel Length | | | 00.52 | 06 | 10.7 01.0 | 23 06 |
| 09.2 | mm Kernel Width | | | 00.41 | 06 | 08.8 00.4 | 11 06 |
| 05.2 | mm Kernel Thickness | | | 91.17 | 06 | 04.5 00.5 | 55 06 |
| 70.3 | % Round Kernels (Sha | pe Grade) | | 16.06 | 06 | 38,7 19.0 | 28 06 |
| 1 | Aleurone Color Pattern | : 1-Homozygous 2 | =Segregating | | | 1 | |
| 07 | Aluerone Color (Munse | ell code) | | 1.2 | 5Y7/14 | 07 | 10YR814 |
| 07 | Hard Endosperm Color | (Munsell code) | | 10 | YR712 | 97 | 10YR714 |
| 03 | Endosperm Type: | | | | ' | 3 | , |
| | 1=Sweet (Su1) 2=E 4=High Amylose Sta 7=High Lysine 8=St 10=Other | arch 5=Waxy Staro | zh 6≕High Protein | | | | |
| 31.7 | gm Weight per 100 Ker | mels (unsized samp | ple) | 07.31 | <u>06</u> | 28.50 03.7 | 3 06 |
| 9. COB: | | | | Standard | Sample | Stan | dard Sampl |
| | | | | Deviation | Size | Devis | ation Size |
| 27.3 | mm Cob Diameter at m | rid-point | | 01.63 | 06 | 22.8 02. | 93 06 |
| | | | | | | | |

Application Variety Data

Page 2

Standard Variety Date

| PH6KW | Application Variety Data Page 3 Standard V. | ariety Data | |
|-------------|--|-------------|--|
| 10. DISEASE | RESISTANCE (Rate from 1 (most susceptible) to 9 (most resistan | 1); | |
| leave blan | k if not tested; leave Race or Strain Options blank if polygenic): | | |
| A. Leaf | Blights, Wilts, and Local Infection Diseases | | |
| | Anthracnose Leaf Blight (Colletotrichum graminicola) | 1 | |
| 5 | Common Rust (Puccinia sorghi) | 6 | |
| | Common Smut (Ustilago maydis) | | |
| | Eyespot (Kabatlella zeae) | | |
| | Goss's Wilt (Clavibacter michiganense spp. nebraskense) | 1 | |
| 6 | Gray Leaf Spot (Cercospora zeae-maydis) | 5 | |
| | Helminthosporium Leaf Spot (Bipolaris zeicola) Race- | 1 - | |
| 4 | Northern Leaf Blight (Exserohilum turcicum) Race | 3 | |
| 3 | Southern Leaf Blight (Bipolaris maydis) Race | 6 | |
| | Southern Rust (Puccinia polysora) | 1 | |
| 5 | Stewart's Wilt (Erwinia stewartii) | 6 | |
| | Other (Specify) | - | |
| B. Syst | emic Diseases | | |
| | Com Lethal Necrosis (MCMV and MDMV) | | |
| 8 | Head Smut (Sphacelotheca reiliana) | 9 | |
| | Maize Chlorotic Dwarf Virus (MDV) | _ | |
| | Maize Chlorotic Mottle Virus (MCMV) | 1 | |
| 3 | Maize Dwarf Mosaic Virus (MDMV) | 3 | |
| | Sorghum Downy Mildew of Corn (Peronosclerospora sorghi) | _ | |
| | Other (Specify) | | |
| C. Stall | Rots | | |
| 5 | Anthracnose Stalk Rot (Colletotrichum graminicola) | 2 | |
| _ | Diplodla Stalk Rot (Stenocarpella maydis) | | |
| | Fusarium Stalk Rot (Fusarium moniliforme) | | |
| | Gibberella Stalk Rot (Gibberella zeae) | | |
| | Other (Specify) —— | | |
| D. Ear a | and Kemel Rots | | |
| | Aspergillus Ear and Kernel Rot (Aspergillus flavus) | | |
| 6 | | 5 | |
| 6 | | 1 7 | |
| - | Gibberella Ear Rot (Gibberella zeae) | - | |
| | Other (Specify) —— | | |

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Audication Variaty Data

Page

Standard Variety Da

| | | er Se (at 12-13% grain moisture) | 3,519.3 | |
|-----------|--|---|---------|--|
| 7.3 | % Pre-anthesis Root Lo | odging Iging (at 65 days after anthesis) | 5.4 | |
| | % Pre-anthesis Brittle S | | | |
| 0.0 | % Dropped Ears (at 65 | | 0.0 | |
| 12. AGRON | VOMIC TRAITS: Staygreen (at 65 days a on a scale from 1=wors | after anthesis) (Rate t to excellent) | 3 | |
| | | | | |
| | Other (Specify) —— | | | |
| | | abrotica virgifrea virgifera) | | |
| | Two-spotted Spider Mit | e (Tetranychus urticae) | | |
| | om tunneled/plant | | | |
| | Stalk Tunneling | | | |
| | Leaf Feeding | | | |
| | | er (Diatreaea grandiosella) | | |
| | | abrolica undecimpunctata) | | |
| | Northern Rootworm (Dis | | | |
| | Maize Weevil (Sitophilu: | s zeamaize | | |
| | ma larval wt. | | | |
| | Silk Feeding | | | |
| | Leaf Feeding | | | |
| | Fall Armyworm (Spodop | itera frugiperda) | | |
| | cm tunneled/plant | | | |
| 2 | Stalk Tunneling | | _ | |
| 5 | | ally Leaf Sheath-Collar Feeding) | 3 | |
| Z | | ally Whorl Leaf Feeding) | 4 | |
| | European Com Borer (C | | | |
| | Com Sap Beetle (Carpo | | 1 | |
| | Com Leaf Aphid (Rhopa | losiphum maldis) | | |
| | Ear Damage | | 1 | |
| | mg larval wt. | | | |
| | Silk Feeding | | | |
| | Leaf Feeding | Looj | | |
| | Banks grass Mite (Oligo Com Worm (Helicoverpa | | | |

Application Variety Data

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Standard Variety Data

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Please note the data presented in Exhibit C, "Objective Description of Variety," are collected primarily at Johnston and Ankeny, Iowa. The data in Exhibit B are from comparisons of inbreds grown in the same tests in the adapted growing area of PH6KW and in Johnston and Ankeny, IA. The data in Tables IA and IB are from paired comparison t-tests collected in Johnston and Ankeny, IA. These traits collectively show distinct differences between the two varieties.

There were 3 different planting dates planted each year for these trials. There are environmental factors that differ from year to year and planting date to planting date. Environmental temperature and precipitation differences during the vegetative and grain fill periods can impact plant and grain traits, and are a source of variability. The environmental conditions described above could result in larger standard deviations. The variation associated with year to year and environment to environment is normally higher than the variation associated within locations. Thave enclosed a table that shows some of the temperature and precipitation differences between the years 1999 and 2000.

Exhibit D. Temperature and Precipitation differences from Ankeny, IA

TEMPERATURE

| YEAR | MAY | JUN | JULY | AUG | AVERAGE |
|------|------|------|-------|------|---------|
| 1994 | 59.8 | 70.7 | 71.9 | 69.0 | 67.9 |
| 1995 | 56.2 | 69.4 | 74.3 | 76.9 | 69.2 |
| 1996 | 56.2 | 69.3 | 71.3 | 70.5 | 66.8 |
| 1997 | 53.5 | 70.6 | 74.1 | 69.6 | 67.0 |
| 1998 | 64.7 | 66.6 | 74.8 | 73.5 | 69.9 |
| 1999 | 60.7 | 69.7 | .78.7 | 70.5 | 69.9 |
| 2000 | 63.5 | 68.9 | 73.2 | 74.2 | 70.0 |
| | | | | | |

RAINFALL

| YEAR | MAY | JUN | JULY | AUG | Total |
|------|------|-------|------|------|-------|
| 1994 | 3.67 | 5.75 | 1.71 | 4.18 | 15.31 |
| 1995 | 5.04 | 4.19 | 2.94 | 2.87 | 15.04 |
| 1996 | 8.47 | 4.35 | 2.51 | 2.14 | 17,47 |
| 1997 | 4.32 | 3.27 | 4.10 | 1.36 | 13.05 |
| 1998 | 6.46 | 11.07 | 5.70 | 4.96 | 28.19 |
| 1999 | 6.46 | 4.54 | 4.45 | 6.55 | 21.85 |
| 2000 | 5.40 | 5.80 | 3.16 | 1.78 | 16.14 |

| JA: | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
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| | | | |
| 1000 | | | |
| ANDER | | | |
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE | | | |
| AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE | The following statements are made in acc 1974 (5 U. S. C. 552a) and the Paperwo | cordance with the Date | |
| EXHIBIT E | | | |
| STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHI | contificate in the harmed in order to deter | Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protection until certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confidential until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426). | |
| , | 2 TEMPORARY PROCES | 10 100 | |
| PIONEER HI-BRED INTERNATIONAL, INC | OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER | VARIETY NAME | |
| | • | PH6KW | |
| ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country) | 5. TELEPHONE (include area code) | | |
| 7301 NW 62 nd AVENUE | i | 6. FAX (include area code) | |
| P.O.BOX 85 | 515-270-4051 | 515-253-212 | |
| JOHNSTON, IA 50131-0085 | 7. PVPO NUMBER | -, - | |
| 8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an X in appropria | - 1 | | |
| in to, give name of country iii. Is the applicant the original owner? | | | |
| # not, give name of country 10. Is the applicant the original owner? ☑ YES ☐ NO # no 2. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), islane) the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), islane) the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), islane) the original rights. | o, please answer one of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? | | |
| a. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is(are) the company. B. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is(are) the company. | o, please answer one of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? | | |
| 10. Is the applicant the original owner? 11. YES NO If m 1. If original rights to variety were connect by individual(s), signer) the company (see the content of country). 12. NO If no, give name of country 13. Additional rights to variety were owned by a company(see), is(are) the company (see the country). 14. Additional explanation on ownership (if peoplet rins or content). | o, please answer one of the following: priginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? U.S. national(s)? | | |
| So to your hains of country So to your hains of country So to your hains of country So to see applicant to original owner? YES NO If no, give name of country NO If no, give name of country Additional rights to variety were covered by a company(les), is(are) to yet yet. YES NO If no, give name of country Additional explanation on ownersitis (if peecled rine personnersity). | o, please answer one of the following: priginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? U.S. national(s)? | | |
| See the applicant to original owner' See No Irm | o, please answer one of the following: priginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? U.S. national(s)? | | |
| See See See See See See See See See Se | o, please answer one of the following: priginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? U.S. national(s)? | | |
| 9. Is the applicant to enginal owner? 9. YES NO If M 1. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), in(an) the circumstance of the country of the country of the circumstance of the ci | o, please answer one of the following: priginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? U.S. national(s)? | | |
| See the applicant to expirate owner? YES NO If make the applicant to expirate owner? YES NO If make the applicant to expirate owner owner by individual(a), in(an) the company of YES NO If no, give name of country | o, please answer sing of the following: Ariginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? In original owner(s) a U.S. based company? | | |
| The proposal property of the | n, please answer size of the following: rights owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? so original owner(s) a U.S. based company? | | |
| The proposal property of the | n, please answer size of the following: rights owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? so original owner(s) a U.S. based company? | | |
| See September | o, please answer sing of the following: original owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? es original owner(s) a U.S. based company? the following criteria: U.S. sational, national of a Trovy | or audicial of a conver- | |
| Section Programme of Country PES NO If It | b, please answer and of the following: riginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? de original owner(s) a U.S. based company? de original owner(s) a U.S. based company? the following criteria: U.S. autional, national of a UPOV member country, and the following criteria: | or audional of a country | |
| See the applicant to expirate owner? See No II m If original splits to variety were owned by individual(o), islam) the comment of the split of the | b, please answer and of the following: riginal owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? e original owner(s) a U.S. based company? the following criteria: U.S. sational, autional of a UPOV member country, sector. | | |
| The special process of country In its the applicant to songital owner? If the special process to significant to the special process of | n, please answer sing of the following: n'pipral owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? se original owner(s) a U.S. based company? se original owner(s) a U.S. based company? the following cristria: U.S. sational, sational of a UPOV member country, owner, and the U.S. based, owner, and the unit of the U.S. has one owner, and of the U.S. has one owner, and of the U.S. has the same gross and species. | by nationals of a UPOV member | |
| Section Programme of Country PES NO If It | n, please answer sing of the following: n'pipral owner(s) a U.S. national(s)? se original owner(s) a U.S. based company? se original owner(s) a U.S. based company? the following cristria: U.S. sational, sational of a UPOV member country, owner, and the U.S. based, owner, and the unit of the U.S. has one owner, and of the U.S. has one owner, and of the U.S. has the same gross and species. | by nationals of a UPOV member | |